

Mindful Gas Decommissioning

A Gas Distribution System Screening Tool for Exploration of Equitable Decommissioning in California

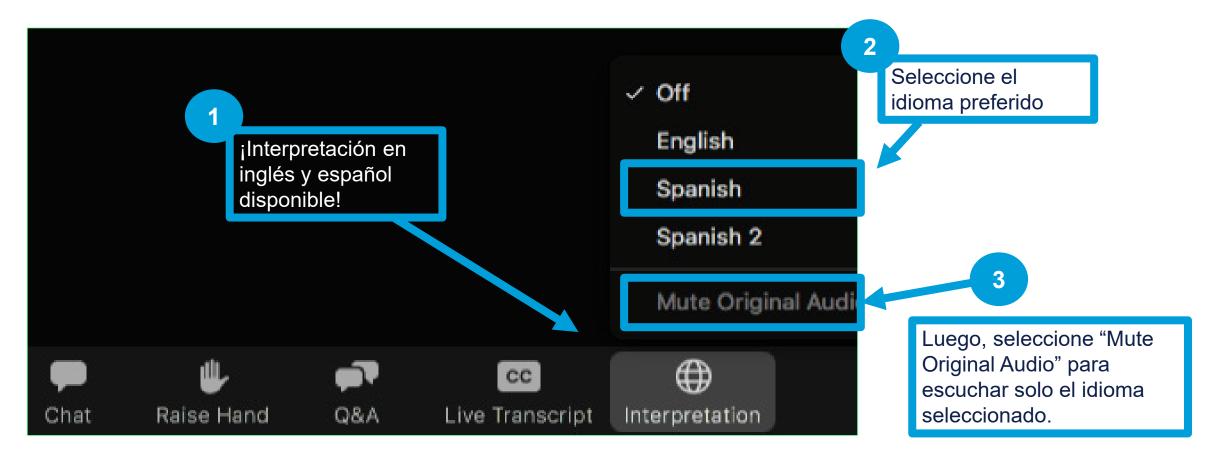
October 8, 2025

FUNDED BY



How to access Zoom interpretation?

¿Cómo utilizar la herramienta de interpretación Zoom?

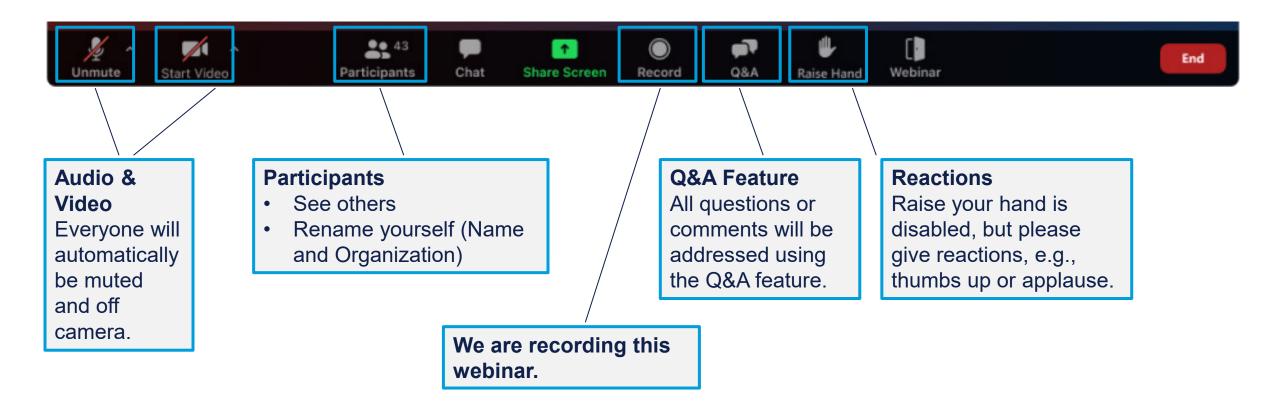








Zoom Features Reminder



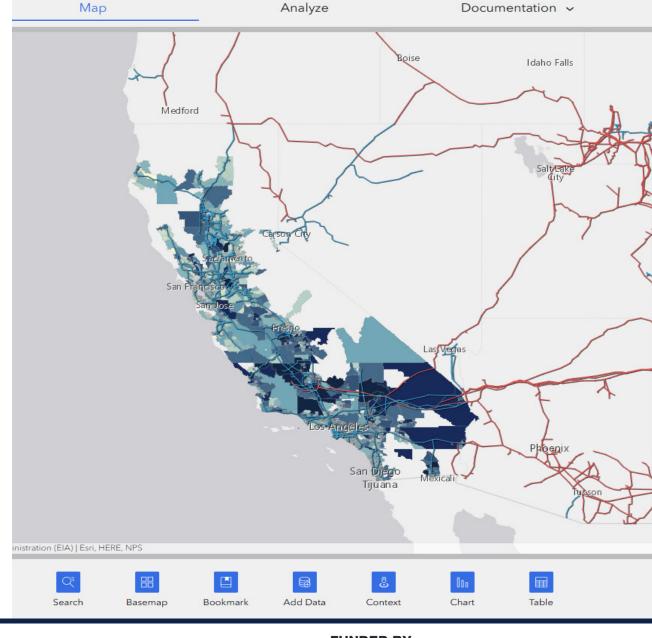






Opening and Agenda

- Welcoming Remarks and Introductions
- Tool Showcase
- Screening for Change: Visalia Case Study
- Moving from Community to Statewide Insights
- Acknowledgements
- Q&A
- Request for Feedback









Welcoming Remarks and Introductions







Welcoming Remarks

- Showcase of research product Gas Distribution System Screening Tool
- Funded through competitive grant funding opportunity *
- Data driven approach to support in screening for promising sites for gas decommissioning
 - Utilizes gas asset data provided by utilities to CPUC's Long Term Gas Planning Rulemaking
 - Leverages other publicly available data sets
- Bolster ongoing efforts to collaboratively plan and develop policy

* PIR-22-002: Mindful Decommissioning: A Data-Driven Tool for Prioritizing Strategic Gas Asset Decommissioning Funded by FY 2020-21 - Gas Research & Development Budget Plan







Key Project Team Member Introductions



Cici Vu
Director, Energy & Climate Equity
DNV Energy Insights USA Inc.



Valerie Nibler
Director, Building Electrification
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Mel Amoroso-Pohl
Senior Consultant, Energy &
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Eric Fournier
Research Director
California Center for Sustainable
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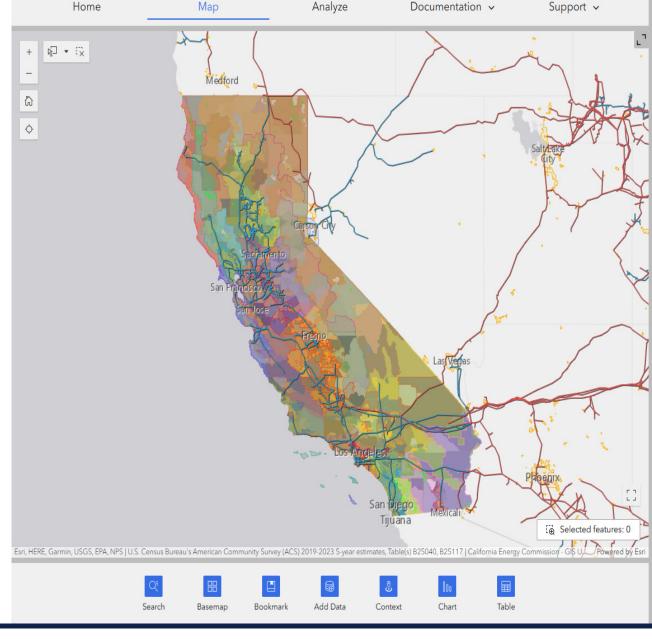




Project Objectives

Develop a data-driven tool that:

- Enables screening for promising sites for decommissioning
- Provides a first step for prioritizing more targeted analyses of technical feasibility of decommissioning specific segments of the gas system
- Incorporates considerations of safety, equity, readiness, and cost effectiveness









How is this Tool Important and Useful?

Bridges State
Policy and
Practice

Supports Complex Decision-Making

Enables
Transparent
Trade-Offs

Collaboration Potential

Validated by Communities

Statewide Coverage | Standardized Scoring | Community Vetted

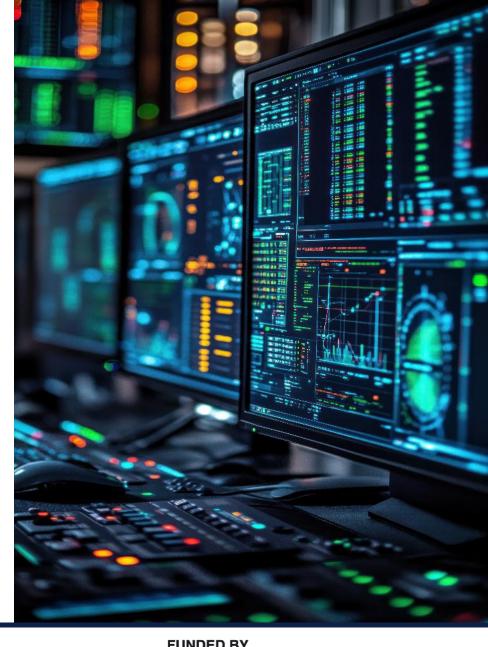






Myth:

"We need better data to get started"









The Research Shows...

Get started to discover what is needed to implement successfully

- Use Tool to screen promising candidate census tracts for further investigation
- Build on Tool's value-added data on equity and decommissioning readiness
- Collaborate with utilities and communities to layer in additional data and insights

Collaborate and Iterate







Myth:

"People just need to be educated"









The Research Shows...

Engagement is an exchange that leads to mutual benefits.

- The gas transition has social and cultural dimensions.
- Time is needed to build trusted partnerships.
- Ground solutions in each community's local context.
- No one-size-fits-all—respond and adapt to community needs.

Engage to Learn from Each Other







Tool Showcase







Four Core Indices Combine to Create Insights









Gas Assets Index

Equity Index

Non-Residential Decommissioning Readiness Index

Residential Decommissioning Readiness Index

When layered together, the indices reveal powerful insights such as:

 Where are the safety risks highest? Where are communities most ready to transition? What might be some challenges or benefits?







Key Indices with their Sub-Indices









Gas Assets Index

Safety
Environment
Regulatory Drivers
Pipeline Replacement
Costs
Gas Demand

Equity Index

Socioeconomic
Vulnerability
Pollution Burden
Environmental Risk
Climate Risk
Sensitive Populations
Energy Burden
Access to Critical
Services

Non-Residential Decommissioning Readiness Index

Commercial sector capacity for fuel switching by NAICS code & end-use category

Residential Decommissioning Readiness Index

Residential sector capacity for fuel switching by building type (single-family, multi-family)







Data Sources for Index Development

Gas Assets

CPUC Long-Term Gas
 Planning Rulemaking
 (R.20-01-007): Gas System
 Data provided by Utilities to service list November 2022

Equity

- ACS (American Community Survey)
- DOE LEAD Tool
- CalEnviroScreen 4.0
- EPA EJ Screen
- USDA
- Neighborhood Data Archive
- FEMA Expected Annual Loss

Non-residential Decommissioning Readiness

- CPUC Disaggregated Investor-Owned Utility Customer Gas Demand Database (UCLA Private Access, 2021)
- CEC Commercial End-Use Survey (2019)
- U.S. EIA Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey (2022)
- NREL US County Level Industrial Energy Use Database (2014)

Residential Decommissioning Readiness

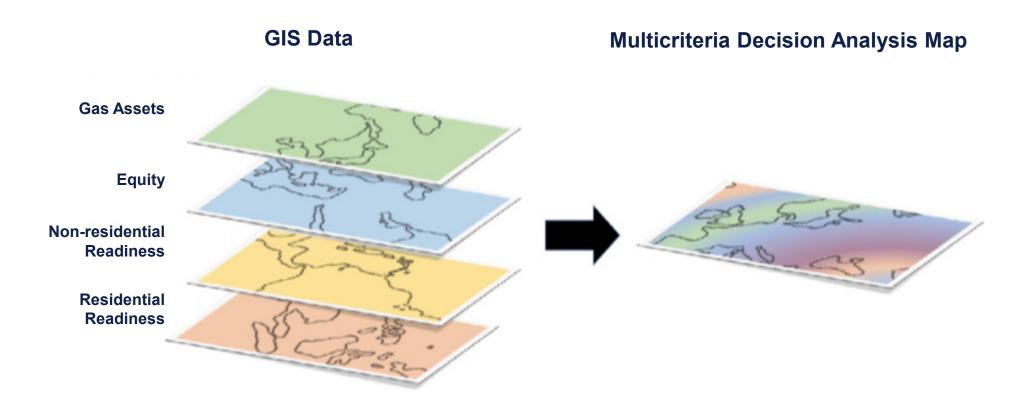
- ACS (American Community Survey)
- Account Level Utility
 Consumption Data
 aggregated to protect privacy
 (CPUC database)







Geospatial Multi-Criteria Decision Analysis (MCDA)



Intuitive Model to Communicate and Support Complex Decisions









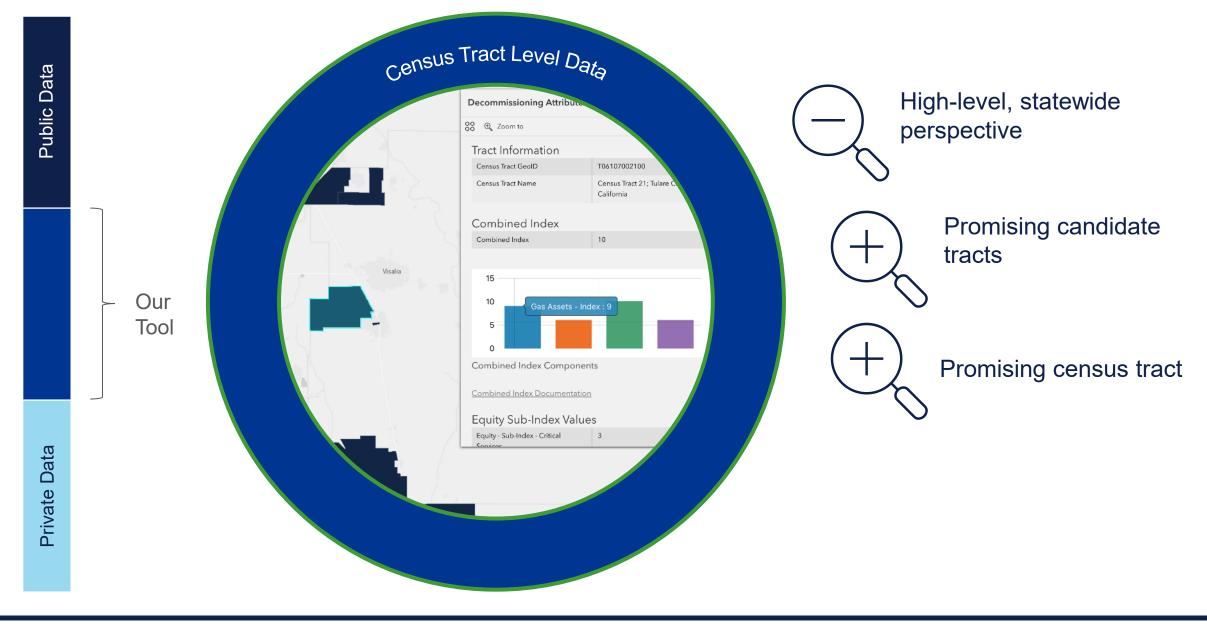


























How these Tools Complement Each Other

Added Value Potential Limitations

Our Statewide Tool

- Statewide coverage including all major gas IOU service territories (PG&E, SDG&E, SCG, Southwest Gas)
- Standardized scoring criteria
- Minimal privacy/security concerns
- Census tract aggregated customer and gas asset data

- Current customer and gas asset data are a snapshot in time –
 would need to develop processes to update them
- Uncertain technical feasibility of implementation for specifically identified sites

Utility Specific Tools

- Able to view detailed, confidential data for individual customer and gas assets
- Shorter turn-around time for customer and gas asset data updates
- Likely higher technical feasibility of implementation for specific identified sites

- Utility territory specific coverage areas
- Utility specific scoring criteria
- Asset level data cannot be shared with external third parties without Non-Disclosure Agreements







Demo for Identifying Promising Candidate Tracts









5-minute Q&A Break







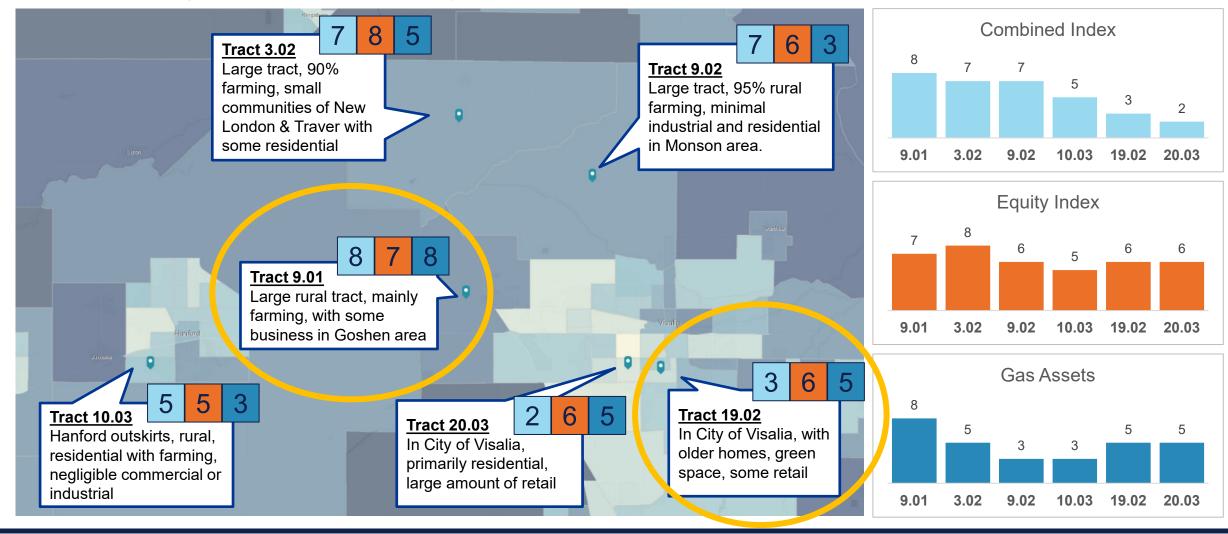
Screening for Change: Visalia Case Study







Zooming In: Local Dynamics and Readiness Scores

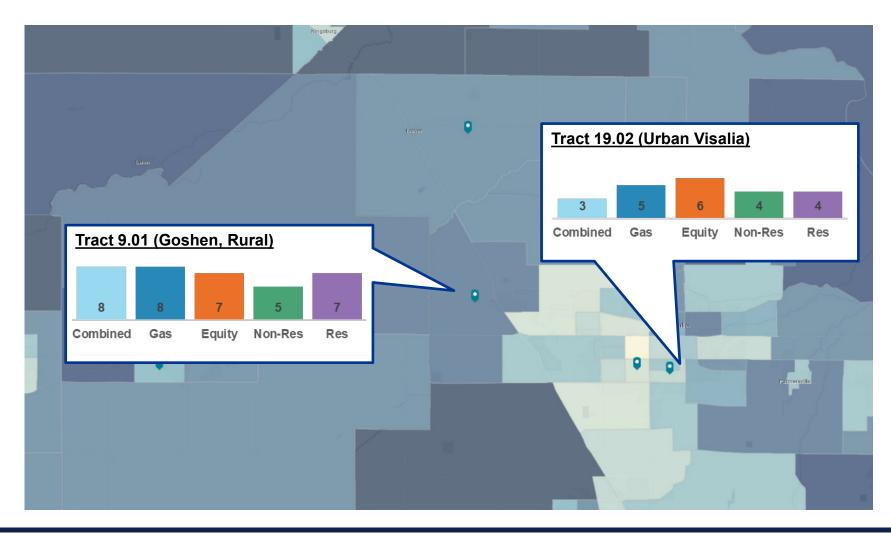








Spotlight on Two Tracts: Key Insights



- Reveals safety—cost equity trade-offs
- Rural tract: High risk + high vulnerability
- Urban tract: Equity and health outweigh cost
- Tool results can guide balanced, equitable decisions







Self-Help Enterprises – Key Project Team Members



Jose R. Gonzalez Sr. Project Manager, Self-Help Enterprises

Mr. Gonzalez has been working in the field of energy, water, resource conservation and decarbonization for 35+ years. He has worked in the for-profit, non-profit and local government employment sectors supporting residential, commercial and industrial end users.



Armando OrtizManager, Self-Help Enterprises

Mr. Ortiz has been at SHE since 2020. He supported outreach and engagement (O&E) for CPUC's San Joaquin Valley Affordable Energy Pilot Project. He currently supports O&E for CEC's Equitable Building Decarbonization Direct Install (EBD DI) Program and partnered with Silicon Valley Clean Energy (SVCE) on the Hanford/Kings County Energy Mitigation Program.









Self-Help Enterprises has worked together with low-income families to build and sustain healthy homes and communities since 1965. The pioneer and leading provider of mutual self-help housing in the United States, SHE's efforts today encompass a range of endeavors to build better homes and communities for farmworkers and other hard-working families.



6,662

Homeowners have built their own home



3,000

Units of rental housing have been developed



7,056

Owner-occupied homes have been repaired



2,324

First-time homeowners have been assisted with purchasing a home



18,000

Participants have completed homeownership education

12,000+

Households have received water tanks, hauled water, well repairs, or other emergency water solutions

34,700+

Individuals in over 60 communities have been assisted with safe drinking water and sanitary sewer infrastructure



over

80,000 individuals

served

since 1965

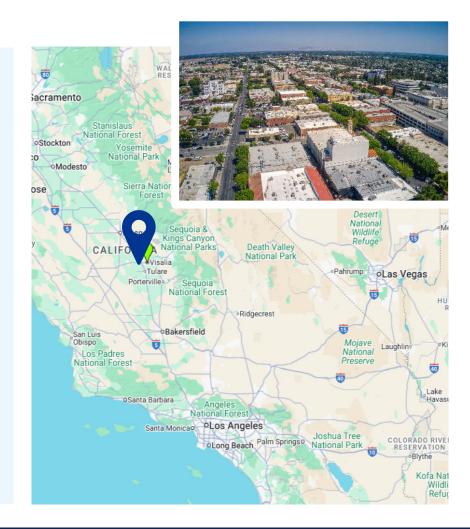
Visalia Decommissioning Profile

Profile

- Largest city in Tulare County –
 San Joaquin Valley, Centrality
- Served by SCE and SoCalGas
- Strong industrial, agricultural and distribution base
- ~46,500 households, 61% owner-occupied, majority singlefamily homes

Considerations

- 61% home ownership rates can simplify decarbonization
- Strong local ecosystem—creates opportunities for business, community, and workforce alignment in the energy transition.
- Projected 10.5% increase in cooling demand and more frequent extreme heat days highlight grid reliability risks and the need to plan for alternative fuels











SHE Case Study and Data Validation

Scores in Excel

Analyzed
Score
Distribution

Reviewed
Census Tract
Characteristics

Applied SHE Engagement Insights

Fact-checked with SHE
Staff

Finalized
Table and
Equity Score
Graph







	10.03	19.02	20.03	3.02	9.01	9.02
Equity (Index & Sub-indices)	Hanford Outskirts (Rural)	City of Visalia, Older Homes (Urban)	City of Visalia, More Retail (Urban)	New London and Traver (Rural)	Goshen Area (Rural)	Monson Area (Rural)
Equity Index (overall)	5	6	6	8	7	6
Climate Risk						
Critical Services						
Energy Burden						
Environmental Risk						
Pollution Burden						
Sensitive Population						
Socioeconomic Vulnerability						

HIGH: most promising for decommissioning







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HIGH: most promising for decommissioning







SHE Data Validation – Equity Sub-Indices

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Equity Index (overall)	5	6	6	8	7	6
Climate Risk						
Critical Services						
Energy Burden						
Environmental Risk						
Pollution Burden						
Sensitive Population						
Socioeconomic Vulnerability						

HIGH: most promising for decommissioning

LOW: least promising for decommissioning

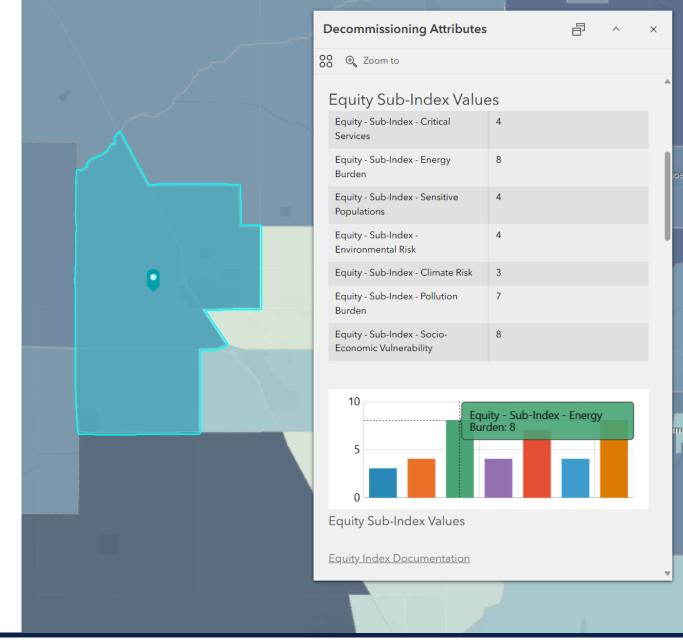






Rural Visalia – Scoring and Relevant Characteristics

- High energy burden + socioeconomic vulnerability: Renters + low-income households risk being left behind without protections.
- High safety risk: Older pipelines and proximity to population centers → strong case for early decommissioning.
- Moderate residential & non-residential readiness: Some decommissioning potential, but targeted support needed for older homes, rentals, and gas-reliant small businesses.



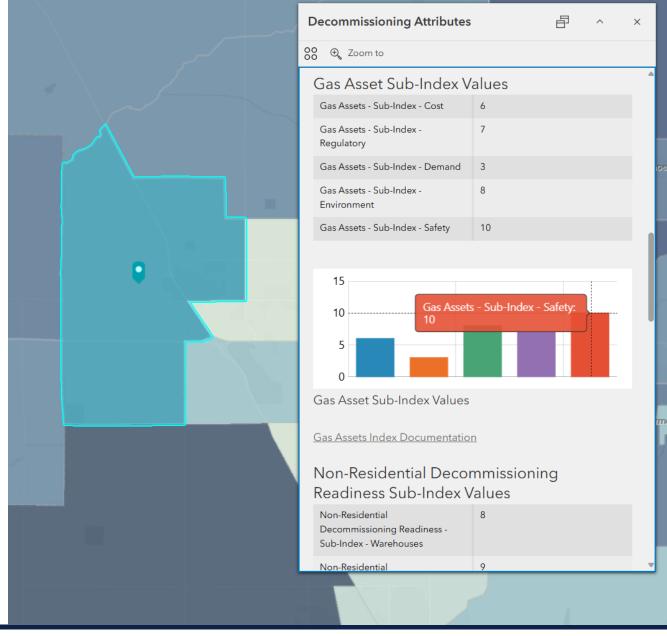






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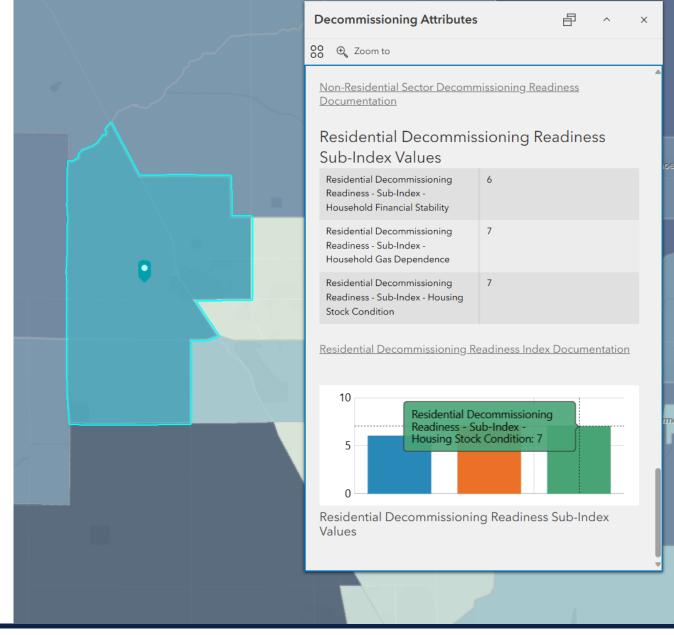






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Goshen Tract – Scoring Summary

Observations	Characteristics	Implications	
High energy burden + socioeconomic vulnerability	Higher bill to income rates, more at risk demographics	Higher risk of stranded assets and need for tenant protections	
High demand + high safety	Large number of gas users, with significant gas infrastructure vulnerability	High benefit for being selected for early decommissioning	
Moderate residential	Financial stability, newer housing stock, fewer renters	Well positioned for decommissioning, minor targeted support needed	
Moderate non-residential	Mix of commercial activity	Targeted approach needed, directed support to hard to decarb sectors	

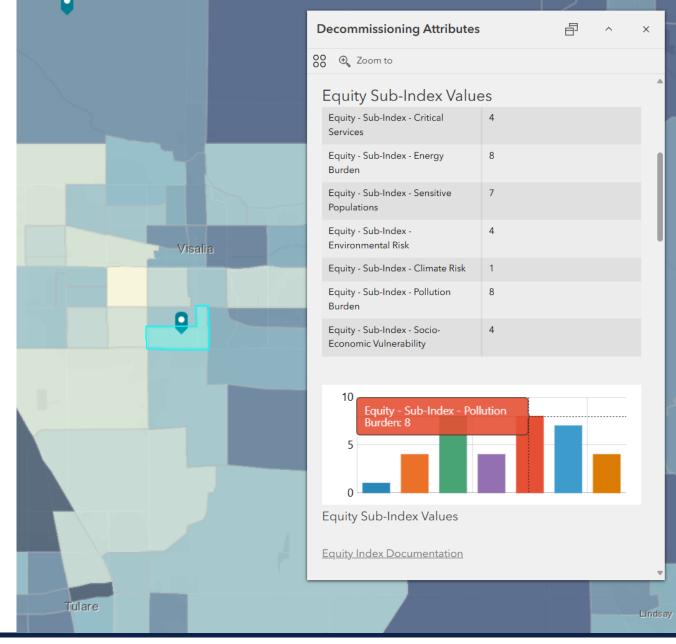






Urban Visalia – Scoring and Relevant Characteristics

- High energy + pollution burden: Equity case is strong—health and affordability benefits could outweigh weak cost signals.
- Moderate safety, low cost: Limited incentive for early decommissioning, but risks remain
- Low residential readiness: Older housing, renters, and upgrade barriers limit nearterm transition potential.



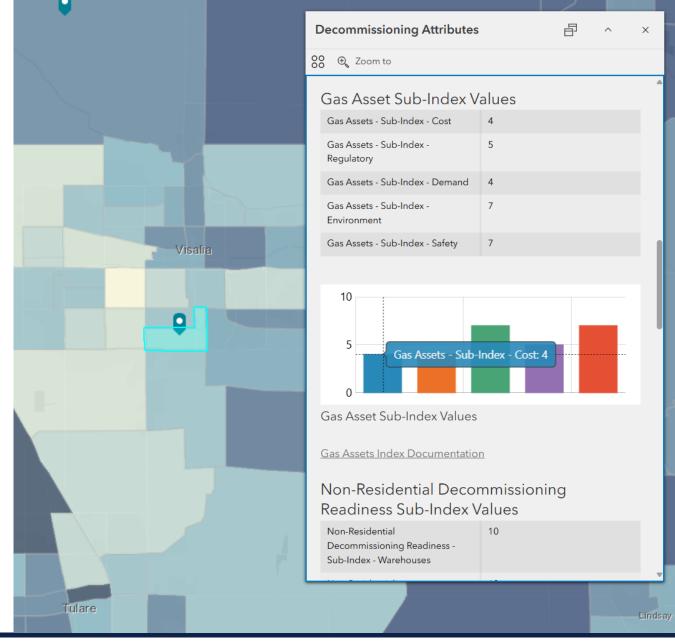






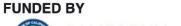
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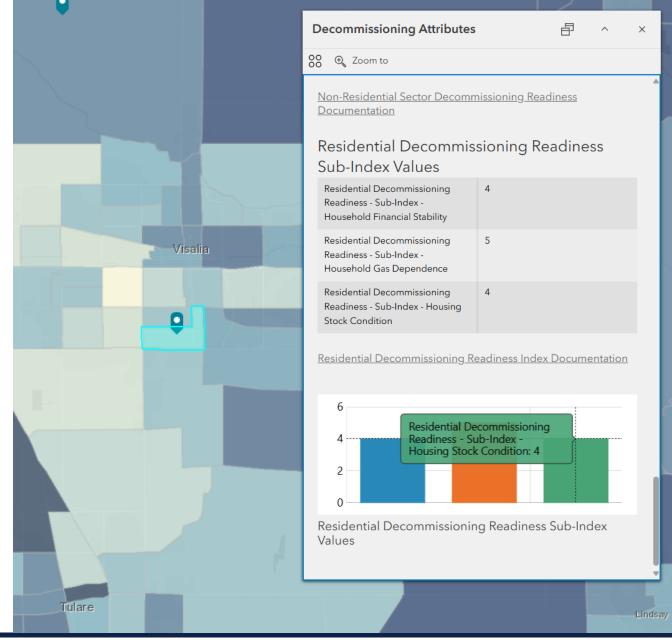






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Urban Visalia Tract—Scoring and Relevant Characteristics

Observations	Characteristics	Implications	
High energy + pollution burden	High bill rates, residents experience existing air pollution	Health and affordability benefits could outweigh weaker cost signals	
Moderate safety, low cost	No severe infrastructure risk, low cost to replace existing pipelines	Limited incentive for early decommissioning	
Low residential readiness	Older housing, many renters, and upgrade barriers could limit near-term transition potential	Potential significant challenges to transition	
Low non-residential readiness	Fewer commercial buildings or harder to electrify building types	Equity factors may justify mitigation-first strategies and targeted support.	







Community Insights

- Cost effectiveness approach concerns and considerations
- Community perspectives:
 - Health and safety might not always be seen as biggest priority
 - Cooking preferences
- Building trust:
 - Best practices Community Navigators
 - Other examples of successful work or best practice strategies









Value of the Tool

- Programs using this Tool are best positioned for successful, equitable energy transitions.
- When paired with program implementation economics, the Tool delivers actionable, data-driven insights.
- When cost-effectiveness is balanced with community readiness, programs can achieve deeper impact—building trust, ensuring equitable participation, and accelerating decarbonization goals.







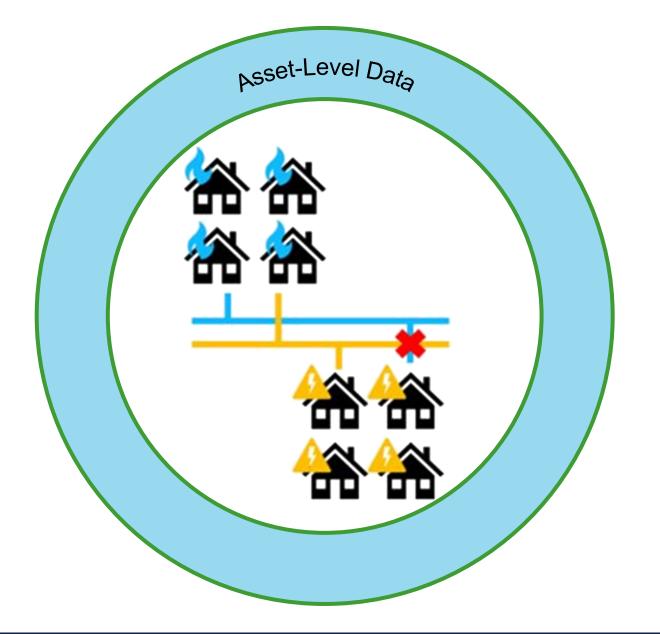


Moving from Community to Statewide Insights









Value of local level understanding

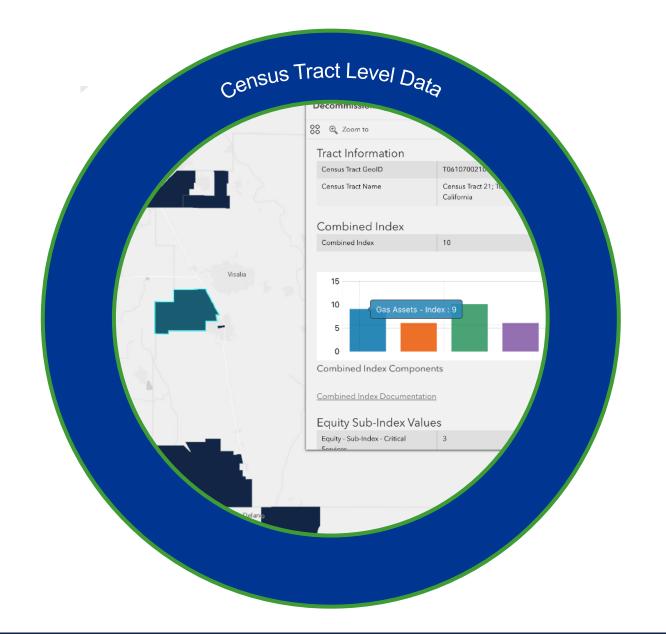
- Helps refine Tool metrics
- Builds local community trust toward informed community participation
- Supports balancing cost effectiveness with equity-driven early adoption factors

Image Source: E3, The Challenge of Retail Gas in California's Low-Carbon Future









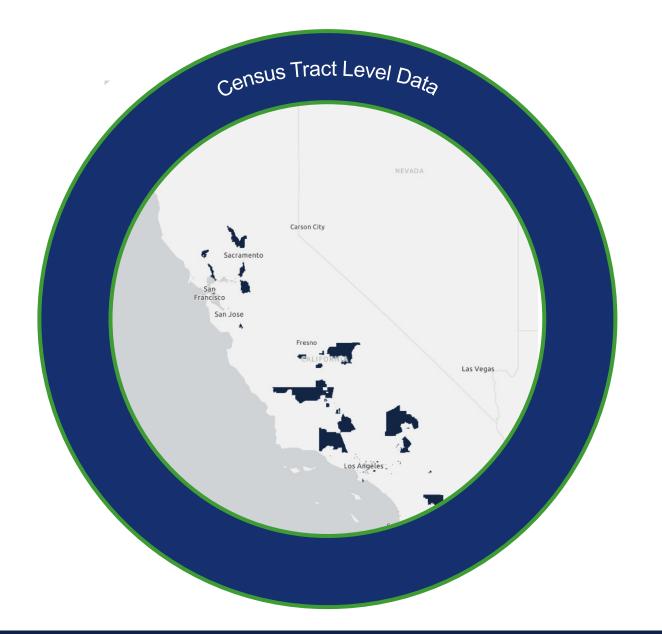
Examples that illustrate profiles of similar California communities

- Stranded gas asset risks
- Tribal concerns on impacts
- Industrial and enabling conditions
- Housing conditions historical neighborhoods, newer construction









Support statewide policy implementation

- Socialized decarbonization policy and decommissioning efforts
- Pre-positions implementers for policyaligned pilot identification
- Proposes rationale and criteria for policyaligned decommissioning prioritization







Future of the Tool

- Domain of the State
- Our Call to Action:
 - Ensure strategic and ongoing development and application of the Tool
 - Encourage implementer use in pilot identification and selection
 - Support refinement for broader access to the Tool

 Our Call to Action for communities and stakeholders...







We Want Your Feedback!

- Have your voice and expertise heard
- Amplify the impact of this research
- Guide the state on research and funding priorities



Feedback Survey: Survey Link







Acknowledgements







Case Study Locations and Partners

- Blue Lake Rancheria Indian Tribe, California (rural, tribal)
- Sacramento (urban, suburban)
- Richmond (urban, industrial)
- North Fair Oaks (suburban)
- Stockton (suburban, rural)
- Central Valley (suburban, rural)
- Oxnard (coastal, suburban)
- San Francisco (urban)
- Wilmington (industrial, port corridor)
- La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians (non-grid fuel)









Acknowledgements – Community Partners

- Blue Lake Rancheria, North Coast/Humboldt
- Central California Asthma Collaborative, Central Valley
- Climate Resilient Communities, North Fair Oaks
- Climate Ready North Fair Oaks
- Staff and community leaders at Climate First:
 Replacing Oil & Gas (CFROG), Oxnard
- Restore the Delta, Stockton
- Self-Help Enterprises, San Joaquin Valley









Acknowledgments – Technical Advisory Committee Members

- Natural Resources Defense Council
- Energy Coalition
- Stanford University
- Energy+Environmental Economics (E3)
- RAND
- California Public Utilities Commission
- California Energy Commission









Q&A







We Want Your Feedback! (by Friday, 10/17/25)

- Have your voice and expertise heard
- Amplify the impact of this research
- Guide the state on research and funding priorities
- Webinar materials will be posted on our Resource Hub soon...stay tuned.

Mindful Gas Decommissioning Resource Hub



Feedback Survey: Survey Link







Thank you!

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